

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/676,288	10/01/2003	Randal T. Byrum	END5085-0515150	END5085-0515150 7075	
7	590 03/16/2006		EXAM	INER	
FROST BROWN TODD LLC		MENDOZA, I	MENDOZA, MICHAEL G		
2200 PNC Cen		,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
201 E. Fifth Str	reet		ARTONII	TATER NOMBER	
Cincinnati, OF	H 45202-4182		3731	٠.	

DATE MAILED: 03/16/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

- •			E			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/676,288	BYRUM ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	·	Michael G. Mendoza	3731			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Fails Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r sIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. D period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO (36(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 D	<u> Pecember 2005</u> .				
.,	·	s action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pr	osecution as to the merits is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-13 and 15-32</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.				
•	Claim(s) 10-13,15-20 and 29-32 is/are allowed					
· · ·	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-9,21,22 and 24-27</u> is/are rejected	ed.				
-	Claim(s) 23 and 28 is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Applicat	tion Papers					
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
—	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		a)-(d) or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen		Cara NII			
	2. Certified copies of the priority document					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price		eu in uns Mational Stage			
*	application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed			
·	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	tor the certified copies flot receiv	ou.			

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 10 January 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 2. As to claim 1, the applicant argues that Hart et al. doesn't not teach a mechanism for releasably engaging a gastric band. The applicant does not positively claim a gastric band. The claim does not identify any structural limitations associated with the mechanism. In Fig. 5 and 6 the distal end 46 of part 42 can be called a mechanism for releasably engaging a gastric band. Simply touching distal end 46 to a gastric band and then pulling the distal end 46 away from the band would read on the limitation. The gastric band is not positively claimed and releasably engaging a gastric band is functional language.
- 3. As to claim 21, the applicant argues that Antebi does not disclose an open distal end sized to encompass an adjustable gastric band. As can be seen in Fig. 4 of Antebi the support tube has an opening. The elongated inner rod is smaller than the opening and is able to fit though the opening. The band of Antebi is smaller that the elongated inner rod as seen in Fig. 4. Since the band of Antebi is smaller than the elongated inner rod, at least a portion of the band would be able to pass through the opening. Therefore the opening at the distal end of the support tube of Antebi is sized to encompass a gastric band. The claim does not include any limitation that the band is actually surrounded or encompassed by the support tube. As to the newly added limitation of "said rod being slidable from a proximal position, wherein the shelf is retained in the

Application/Control Number: 10/676,288 Page 3

Art Unit: 3731

elongated support tube, to a distal position, wherein said rod exposed at least a portion of said shelf", Antebi is fully capable of being placed in the claimed configuration by moving the elongated inner rod back and forth through the support tube.

- 4. As to claim 24, in response to applicant's argument that the band is a gastric band, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. The applicant also argues that distal movement of the rod exposed the gastric band. The claim does not state what the gastric band is being exposed to or from. The examiner disagrees with the applicant's argument. The distal movement of the inner rod of Antebi would expose the band closer to a surgical site.
- 5. Applicant's arguments, see 14-15, filed 15 December 2005, with respect to claims 29 and 30 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 35 USC 102(b) rejections of claims 29 and 30 have been withdrawn. The examiner agrees that Antebi fails to teach wherein the adjustable gastric band is in the elongated support tube.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 10/676,288

Art Unit: 3731

7. Claims 1-3, 5, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hart et al.

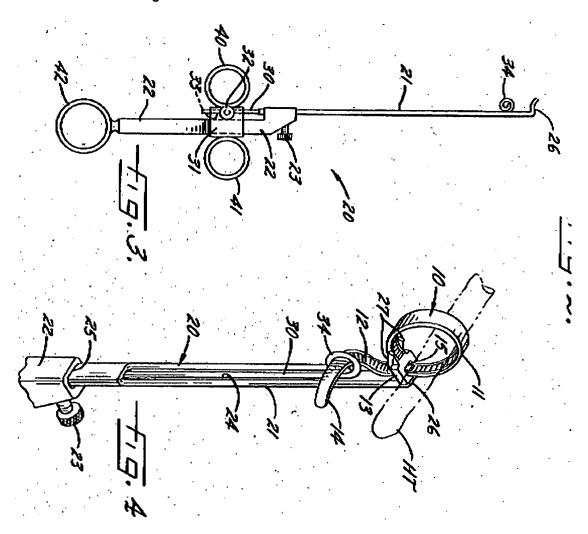
Page 4

- 8. Hart et al. teaches a surgical instrument comprising: an elongated support tube having a proximal end, a distal end and an inner surface having a longitudinal groove (22L + 22R) therein, an elongated inner rod 42 having a proximal end, a distal end and a longitudinal protrusion 52; wherein the distal end comprises a mechanism capable of releasably engaging a gastric band; wherein the inner rod is slidably and coaxially disposed with the support tube wherein the longitudinal protrusion of the elongated inner rod is slidably engaged with the longitudinal groove of the inner surface of the elongated support tube and wherein the distal movement of the rod exposes the mechanism capable of engaging a gastric band (col. 5, lines 57-62); wherein the proximal end of the elongated rod includes a thumb ring (fig. 1); wherein the mechanism for releasably engaging a gastric band includes one or more pins 240; wherein the proximal end of the elongated support tube includes a handle (fig. 1).
- 9. Claims 21, 22, and 24-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Antebi 4592355.
- 10. Antebi teaches a surgical instrument comprising: an elongated support tube having a proximal end and a distal end; an elongated inner rod having a proximal end and a distal end wherein the distal end comprises a shelf, the shelf having one or more pins disposed thereon; wherein the inner rod is slidably and coaxially disposed within the support tube and wherein the distal movement of the rod exposes the shelf; a

Application/Control Number: 10/676,288

Art Unit: 3731

gastric ban releasably secured to the shelf; wherein the proximal end of the elongated rod includes a thumb ring.



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/676,288 Page 6

Art Unit: 3731

12. Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hart et al.

13. Hart et al. discloses the claimed invention except for the range for the lengths and diameters. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the claimed ranges, since it has been theld that wherein the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 14. Claims 10-13, 15-20, 29-32 are allowable over the prior art of record.
- 15. Claims 23 and 28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 16. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record fails to teach or render obvious the overall claimed invention of a surgical system comprising: an elongated support tube having a proximal end, a distal end and an inner surface having a longitudinal groove therein; an elongated inner rod having a proximal end, a distal end and a longitudinal protrusion wherein the inner rod is slidably and coaxially disposed within the support tube wherein the longitudinal protrusion is slidably engaged with the longitudinal groove of the inner surface of the elongated support tube; and a gastric band releasably secured to the

Art Unit: 3731

distal end of the inner rod wherein the distal movement of the rod exposes the gastric band, or wherein the gastric band is retained in the elongated support tube.

Conclusion

17. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael G. Mendoza whose telephone number is (571) 272-4698. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anh Tuan Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-44963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/676,288 Page 8

Art Unit: 3731

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

mm

MM

GLENN K. DAWSON PRIMARY EXAMINER